LAFAYETTE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2014

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The Honorable Louis J. Perret Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court Lafayette, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 15 to the basic financial statements, the Clerk of Court has a prior period adjustment. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison schedule and schedule of funding progress on pages 34 through 35 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements. The comparative and combining statements and schedules included on pages 37 through 48 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The comparative and combining statements and the combined schedule of interest-bearing deposits on pages 37, 39 and 46 through 48 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records use the prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the comparative and combining statements and the combined schedule of interest-bearing deposits are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The prior year comparative amounts on the comparative and combining statements were derived from the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's 2013 financial statements, which was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, was fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The budgetary comparison schedules on pages 40 through 44 have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 5, 2014 on our consideration of the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana September 5, 2014

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (GWFS)

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 9,922,725
Accounts receivable	302,301
Insurance stop loss receivable	85,616
Due from other governmental units	28,941
Accrued interest	401
Prepaid expenditures	28,789
Inventory	6,954
Total current assets	10,375,727
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net	520,322
Total assets	10,896,049
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts and other payables	248,997
Due to other governmental agencies	9,858
Total current liabilities	258,855
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	855,379
Net OPEB obligation	5,410,810
Total noncurrent liabilities	6,266,189
Total liabilities	6,525,044
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	520,322
Unrestricted	3,850,683
Total net position	\$ 4,371,005

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Progra	m Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Activities	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: General government	<u>\$ 10,290,785</u>	<u>\$ 8,493,386</u>	<u>\$ 151,874</u>	\$(1,645,525)
	General revenue	25:		
	Interest and in	vestment earning	(S	34,641
	Miscellaneous	5		294,445
	Charges reimb	oursable by prima	ry government	279,865
	Total ge	neral revenues an	id transfers	608,951
	Change	in net position		(1,036,574)
	Net position - J	uly 1, 2013		<u>5,407,579</u>
	Net position - J	une 30, 2014		\$ 4,371,005

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (FFS)

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Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund June 30, 2014

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 5,881
Interest-bearing deposits	9,916,844
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	302,301
Insurance stop loss receivable	85,616
Due from other governmental agencies	28,941
Accrued interest	401
Prepaid expenditures	28,789
Inventory	6,954
Total assets	\$10,375,727
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Cash overdraft	\$ 11,589
Accounts payable	65,014
Claims payable	45,026
Payroll liabilities payable	122,915
Due to other governmental agencies	9,858
Total liabilities	254,402
Fund balance:	
Nonspendable (prepaid expenditures and inventory)	35,743
Unassigned	10,085,582
Total fund balance	10,121,325
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$10,375,727

Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Total fund balance for the governmental fund at June 30, 2014		\$10,121,325
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2014	\$3,353,675	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(2,833,353)	520,322
Noncurrent liabilities at June 30, 2014:		
Compensated absences payable	(855,379)	
Net OPEB obligation payable	(5,410,810)	(6,266,189)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not		
reported as expenditures in the governmental fund		
Claims payable		(4,453)
Total net position of governmental activities at June 30, 2014		\$ 4,371,005

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Governmental Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

	General Fund
Revenues:	
Licenses and permits	\$ 382,505
Fees, charges and commissions -	
Court costs, fees and charges	349,286
Fees for recording legal documents	6,830,985
Fees for certified copies	930,610
Intergovernmental	431,739
Miscellaneous	329,086
Total revenues	9,254,211
Expenditures:	
Current -	
General government:	
Personnel services and related benefits	7,007,066
Operating services	857,801
Material and supplies	908,791
Appropriations to Lafayette Parish Government	306,885
Capital outlay	79,515
Total expenditures	9,160,058
Excess of revenues	
over expenditures	94,153
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	10,027,172
Fund balance, end of year	\$10,121,325

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Total net change in fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2014 per the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	\$ 94,153
Add: Capital outlay costs which are considered as expenditures on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance\$ 79,515Less: Depreciation expense for year ended June 30, 2014(254,799)	(175,284)
Differences between amounts reported as expenses in the statement of activities and those reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements.	
Claims payable 5,091	
Compensated absences payable 18,948	
OPEB obligation payable (979,482)	(955,443)
Total change in net position for the year ended June 30, 2014 per statement of activities	\$(1,036,574)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash Interest-bearing deposits	\$ 605,582 11,777,606
Total assets	\$12,383,188
LIABILITIES	
Due to litigants and others	<u>\$12,383,188</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The accompanying financial statements of the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court (Clerk of Court) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. GAAP includes all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the GASB. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance. The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting policies are discussed in subsequent subsections of this note.

Such accounting and reporting procedures also conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statutes 24:513 and to the industry audit guide, <u>Audits of State and Local Governmental Units.</u>

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies:

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

As provided by Article V, Section 28 of the Louisiana Constitution of 1974, a Clerk of Court serves as the ex-officio notary public, the recorder of conveyances, mortgages and other acts, and shall have other duties and powers provided by law. A Clerk of Court is elected for a term of four years.

These financial statements only include funds and activities that are controlled by the Clerk of Court as an independently elected parish official. As an independently elected official, the Clerk of Court is solely responsible for the operations of his office, which includes the hiring or retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and the receipt and disbursement of funds.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Clerk of Court have been prepared in conformity with governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity, which are considered to be governmental activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in the GWFS. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the Clerk of Court's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs, and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements (FFS)

The accounts of the Clerk of Court are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The various funds of the Clerk of Court are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the entity or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenses of that individual governmental fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenses of the individual governmental fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

The major fund of the Clerk of Court is described below:

Governmental Fund -

General Fund

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court and is used to account for the operations of the Clerk of Court's office. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk of Court's office are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

Additionally, the Clerk of Court reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds -

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the government in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of other funds within the Clerk of Court. The funds accounted for in this category by the Clerk of Court are the agency funds. The agency funds are as follows:

Advance Deposit Fund – accounts for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants.

Registry of the Court Fund – accounts for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation.

Election Qualifying Fund – accounts for funds collected from individuals qualifying to run for political office and remitted to the appropriate governmental bodies or political committees.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item b. below. In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- a. The governmental fund utilizes a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. Their operating statement presents sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. This fund uses fund balance as its measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The government-wide financial statement utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery) and financial position. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with its activities are reported. Government-wide fund equity is classified as net position.

Basis of Accounting

In the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, the governmental activities reflects the economic resources, measurement focus, and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange or exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs (regardless of when cash is received or disbursed). Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with professional standards.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures (including capital outlay) generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

D. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,</u> and Equity

Cash and interest-bearing deposits

For purposes of the statement of net position, cash and interest-bearing deposits include all demand accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the Clerk of Court.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include fees and charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs.

Inventory

Inventory in the Clerk of Court's General Fund consists of copies of historical books produced and published by the Clerk of Court for sale to the general public. The books are recorded at cost, which is lower than market at June 30, 2014.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated cost if historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The Clerk of Court maintains a threshold level of \$1,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. Useful lives for furniture, fixtures, and equipment range from five to ten years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Clerk of Court's office earn 10 to 20 days of vacation leave each year depending on length of service. In addition, employees earn 12 days of personal leave each year. Vacation leave must be used in the year earned. Upon resignation or retirement, employees are paid for unused vacation leave at the employee's current rate of pay. Personal leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 90 days and carried over to succeeding years. Employees are paid for unused personal leave upon termination or retirement.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In some instances, the GASB requires a government to delay recognition of decreases in net position as expenditures until a future period. In other instances, governments are required to delay recognition of increases in net position as revenues until a future period. In these circumstances deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources result from the delayed recognition of expenditures or revenues, respectively. There are no deferred inflows or outflows as of June 30, 2014.

Equity Classifications

In the government-wide statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of net capital assets reduced by the outstanding balances of any related debt obligations and deferred inflows of resources attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and increased by balances of deferred outflows of resources related to those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that does not meet the definition of the other two components and is available for general use by the Clerk of Court.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. As such, fund balance of the governmental fund is classified as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

- a. Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Clerk of Court, which is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Clerk of Court.
- d. Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes determined by a formal decision of the Clerk of Court.
- e. Unassigned all other spendable amounts.

When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Clerk of Court considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Clerk of Court considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Clerk of Court has provided otherwise in his commitment or assignment actions.

R.S. 13:785 requires that every four years (at the close of the term of office) the Clerk of Court must pay the parish treasurer the portion of the General Fund's fund balance that exceeds one-half of the revenues of the clerk's last year of his term of office. This payment is limited to no more than that which was received by the clerk in accordance with R.S. 13:784(A) during said term of office. At June 30, 2014, there was no amount due to the parish treasurer even though the General Fund's fund balance at June 30, 2014 exceeded one-half of the revenues of the General Fund for the last year of the clerk's four-year term of office because the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court did not receive any funds from the parish treasurer in accordance with R.S. 13:784(A) during the current term of office.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

E. <u>Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses</u>

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures/Expenses

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds - By Character and Function

F. Budgetary and Budgetary Accounting

The Clerk of Court follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Clerk of Court for the fiscal year no later than fifteen days prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. A summary of the proposed budget is published and the public is notified that the proposed budget is available for public inspection. At the same time, a public hearing is called.
- 3. A public hearing is held on the proposed budget at least ten days after publication of the call for a hearing.
- 4. After the holding of the public hearing and completion of all action necessary to finalize and implement the budget, the budget is legally adopted prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Budgeted amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted or as finally amended by the Clerk of Court. Such amendments, except for capital outlay, were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

G. Bad Debts

Uncollectible amounts due for receivables are recognized as bad debts by direct write-off at the time information becomes available which would indicate the uncollectibility of the particular receivable. Although the specific charge-off method is not in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), no allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable was made due to immateriality at June 30, 2014.

(2) <u>Cash and Interest-Bearing Deposits</u>

Under state law, the Clerk of Court may deposit funds within a fiscal agent bank organized under the laws of the State of Louisiana, the laws of any other state in the union, or the laws of the United States. The Clerk of Court may invest in United States bonds, treasury notes, or certificates and time deposits of state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana. At June 30, 2014, the Clerk of Court has cash and interest-bearing deposits (book balances) totaling \$22,305,913 as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash Time and money market deposits	\$	\$ 605,582 11,777,606	\$ 611,463 21,694,450
Total	<u>\$ 9,922,725</u>	\$ 12,383,188	\$22,305,913

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the Clerk of Court's deposits may not be recovered or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The fair value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. The following is a summary of deposit balances (bank balances) at June 30, 2014, and the related federal insurance and pledged securities:

Bank balances	\$23,048,402
Federal insurance	\$ 6,174,794
Pledged securities	16,873,608
Total federal insurance and pledged securities	\$23,048,402

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Deposits in the amount of \$16,873,608 were exposed to custodial credit risk. These deposits are uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department or agent, but not in Clerk of Court's name (considered to be Category 3 deposits). The Clerk of Court does not have a formal written policy for custodial credit risk.

(3) <u>Due from Other Governmental Units</u>

Amount due from other governmental units at June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

General Fund:

Amount due from State of Louisiana - Non-support program \$28,941

(4) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Balance 07/01/13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 06/30/14
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	\$3,582,218	\$ 79,5 15	\$ 308,058	\$3,353,675
Less: Accumulated depreciation	2,886,612	254,799	308,058	2,833,353
Net capital assets	\$ 695,606	<u>\$(175,284)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 520,322</u>

Depreciation expense of \$254,799 was charged to the general government function.

(5) Accounts and Other Payables

The accounts and other payables consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

	Fund
Cash overdraft	\$ 11,589
Accounts	65,014
Claims payable	49,479
Payroll liabilities	122,915
Total	<u>\$248,997</u>

General

Excess funds on deposit for the risk management program are held in an interest bearing account and transferred to the operating account as checks clear the bank. Cash overdrafts of \$11,589, consisted of outstanding checks in the risk management program operating account.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(6) <u>Pension Plan</u>

<u>Plan Description</u>. – Substantially all employees of the Clerk of Court, except part-time and temporary employees, are members of the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund (System), a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by a separate board of trustees.

All regular employees who are under the age of 60 at the time of original employment are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after age 55 with at least 12 years of credited service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3.33% of their final-average salary for each year of credited service, not to exceed 100% of their final-average salary. Effective January 1, 2011, the retirement age increased to 65 and the amount paid monthly for life was changed to equal to 3% of their final-average salary for each year of credited service, not to exceed 100% of their final-average salary. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate with at least 12 years of service and do not withdraw their employee contributions may retire at or after age 55 and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. Effective January 1, 2011, the age for this benefit increased to 65 years of age. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund, 11745 Bricksome Avenue, Suite B1, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70816, or by calling (225) 293-1162.

<u>Funding Policy.</u> – Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 8.25% of their annual covered salary and the Clerk of Court is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The rate as of June 30, 2014 was 18.50% of annual covered payroll. Effective July 1, 2013, the Clerk of Court has elected to pay the member's share of the required contribution equal to 8.25% of their annual covered salary. Contributions to the System also include one-fourth of one percent of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Clerk of Court are established and may be amended by state statute. As provided by R.S. 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Clerk of Court's contributions to the System for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$1,092,567, \$868,015, and \$684,021, respectively.

(7) Post-Retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

Plan Description: In accordance with the Employer Health and Welfare Benefit Plan established in November 1986, the Clerk of Court provides certain continuing health care and life insurance benefits for its retired employees. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the Clerk of Court. The Clerk of Court has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Funding Policy: The monthly premiums of these benefits for retirees and similar benefits for active employees are paid jointly by the employee (approximately 42%) and the Clerk of Court (approximately 58%). Until 2008, the Clerk of Court recognized the cost of providing these benefits (the Clerk of Court's portion of premiums) as an expenditure when the monthly premiums were due and thus financed the cost of the post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Effective July 1, 2008, the Clerk of Court implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post employment Benefits Other than Pensions* (GASB 45). The funding policy is not to fund the ARC except to the extent of the current year's retiree funding costs.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the Clerk of Court's portion of health care funding cost for retired employees totaled \$191,000. These amounts were applied toward the Net OPEB Benefit Obligation as shown below.

Annual Required Contribution: the Clerk of Court's Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB 45. The Annual Required Contribution (ARC) is the sum of the Normal Cost plus the contribution to amortize the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). A level dollar, closed amortization period of 30 years (the maximum amortization period allowed by GASB 43/45) has been used for the post-employment benefits. The total ARC for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 is \$1,270,486 for post-employment benefits, as set forth below:

Normal Cost	\$ 544,763
30-year UAL amortization amount	725,723
Annual required contribution	\$1,270,486

Net Post-employment Benefit Obligation (Asset): The table below shows the Clerk of Court's Net Other Post-employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligation (Asset) for fiscal year ending June 30, 2014:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,270,486
Interest on OPEB obligation	177,253
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(277,257)
Annual OPEB cost	1,170,482
Contributions made	(191,000)
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	979,482
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	<u>4,431,328</u>
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 5,410,810

The Clerk of Court's annual post employment benefits (PEB) cost, percentage of the cost contributed, and the net unfunded post employment benefits (PEB) liability (asset) for 2012, 2013 and 2014 follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/2014	\$ 1,170,482	16.3%	\$ 5,410,810
6/30/2013	1,131,477	13.8%	4,431,328
6/30/2012	1,090,034	12.4%	3,456,180

Funded Status and Funding Progress: In the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the Clerk of Court made no contributions to its post employment benefits plan. The plan was not funded at all, has no assets, and hence has a funded ratio of zero. As of June 30, 2014, the Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) was \$12,402,167, which is defined as that portion, as determined by a particular actuarial cost method (Clerk of Court uses the Unit Credit Cost Method), of the actuarial present value of post employment plan benefits and expenses which is not provided by normal cost. Since the plan was not funded in fiscal year 2014, the entire actuarial accrued liability of \$12,402,167 was unfunded.

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$12,402,167
Actuarial valuation of plan assets	
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	<u>\$12,402,167</u>
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered payroll	\$ 4,469,613
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	277%

The schedule of funding progress included in required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, the Clerk of Court qualifies for valuations on a tri-annual basis. The latest actuarial valuation was performed on July 1, 2011.

Actuarial valuations for an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continuous revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates about the future are formulated. Although the valuation results are based on values which the Clerk of Court's actuarial consultant believes are reasonable assumptions, the valuation results reflect a long-term perspective and, as such, are merely an estimate of what future costs may actually be. Deviations in any of several factors, such as future interest rates, medical cost inflation, Medicare coverage, and changes in marital status, could result in actual costs being less or greater than estimated.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation of the plan are as follows:

- 1. Investment return of 4.0% per annum, compounded annually.
- 2. Retirement Rates

Age	Rate
55	25%
56-59	5%
60-74	75%
75	100%

3. Withdrawal Rates

Age	Rate	Age	Rate
18	5%	31	11%
19	11%	32-33	10%
20	21%	34-35	9%
21	19%	36-37	6%
22	18%	38-40	5%
23-26	16%	41-43	4%
27	15%	44-52	3%
28	14%	53-68	2%
29	13%	69-70	1%
30	12%	71+	0%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

4. Disability Rates

Age	Rate	Age	Rate
28-33	0.01%	47-48	0.33%
34	0.02%	49	0.50%
35	0.03%	50-52	0.37%
36	0.04%	53	0.55%
37	0.05%	54	0.50%
38	0.08%	55	0.44%
39-42	0.15%	56	0.30%
43	0.17%	57	0.24%
44	0.26%	58	0.21%
45	0.27%	59	0.08%
46	0.30%	60+	0.00%

- 5. 100% of employees are assumed to elect continued coverage in retirement.
- 6. 25% of employees are assumed to have a covered spouse in retirement (no dependent children are assumed).
- 7. Female spouses are assumed to be three years younger than male spouses, on average.
- 8. Per Capita Health Costs (Monthly)

Retiree		Spor	use	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female
55	719	756	719	757 .
60	891	859	891	860
64	1,113	1,026	1,113	1,030
65	286	275	286	275
70	344	323	344	323
75	412	379	412	379
80	477	434	477	434
85	540	493	540	493

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

9. Medical Inflation

Year	Medical, Dental and Vision Without Medicare
2011-2012	
	7.10%
2012-2013	6.90%
2013-2014	6.40%
2014-2015	5.90%
2015-2019	5.80%
2019-2078	5.70%
2078-2079	4.50%
2079-2080	4.40%
2080-2082	4.30%
2082 and after	4.20%

(8) <u>Risk Management</u>

A. <u>Commercial Insurance Coverage</u>

The Clerk of Court is exposed to risks of loss in the areas of auto liability, professional liability and workers' compensation. All of these risks are handled by purchasing commercial insurance coverage. There have been no significant reductions in the insurance coverage during the year.

B. Group Self-Insurance

The Clerk of Court maintains a limited risk management program for group hospitalization insurance. The Clerk of Court has contracted Gilsbar Health and Benefit Managements to act as the third party administrator for the program. An excess of coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$40,000 per year and \$1,028,848 per lifetime.

The General Fund participates in the program. The claims liability of \$45,026 reported in the General Fund at June 30, 2014 is based on the loss that is probable to have been at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss that can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The Clerk of Court currently does not discount its claims liabilities. Changes in the claims liability, including claims that have been incurred but not reported are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Benefit Payments and Claims	Balance at Fiscal Year End	-
2012 - 2013	\$ 83,053	\$ 1,109,321	\$ 1,086,324	\$106,050	
2013 - 2014	106,050	929,931	986,501	49,480	

(9) <u>Changes in Agency Fund Balances</u>

The following is a summary of changes in agency fund unsettled deposits for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Unsettled Deposits at Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions	Unsettled Deposits at End of Year
Agency funds:				
Advance Deposit	\$ 5,836,875	\$ 6,471,779	\$ 6,327,834	\$ 5,980,820
Registry of Court	5,671,728	2,463,746	1 ,733,686	6,401,788
Election Qualifying	579	1		580
Totals	\$11,509,182	\$ 8,935,526	\$ 8,061,520	\$12,383,188

(10) Operating Leases

The Clerk of Court is contracted under one vehicle lease agreement and two property leases. The vehicle lease is \$849 monthly and expires in March, 2016. The property leases are: \$2,000 monthly, expiring June 30, 2018 with the option to renew for two additional four-year terms; and \$3,000 monthly, expiring March 1, 2017.

In addition, the Clerk of Court leases twelve copiers under operating leases ranging from 39 to 48 months and expiring at various dates from August, 2015 through December, 2017.

Future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2015	\$ 107,712
2016	98,326
2017	61,761
2018	27,125
Total	<u>\$ 294,924</u>

Lease expense for the year ended June 30, 2014 was \$104,266.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(11) Changes in Compensated Absences

The following is a summary of compensated absence transactions of the Clerk of Court for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance			Balance
	<u>7/1/2013</u>	Additions	Reductions	<u>6/30/2014</u>
Compensated absences	<u>\$ 874,327</u>	\$ 407,197	\$ 426,145	<u>\$ 855,379</u>

(12) Deferred Compensation Plan

The Clerk of Court offers its employees participation in the Louisiana Public Employees Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) adopted under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all Clerk of Court's employees, permits the employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The Clerk of Court matches 50% of employee contributions. The Clerk of Court's contribution to the plan amounted to \$149,328 for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Complete disclosures relating to the Plan are included in the separately issued audit report for the Plan, available from the Louisiana Legislative Auditor, Post Office Box 94397, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804-9397.

(13) Expenditures Paid by the Lafayette City-Parish Consolidated Government

The Clerk of Court's office is located in the Lafayette Parish Courthouse. The Lafayette City-Parish Consolidated Government pays the upkeep and maintenance of the courthouse. These expenditures are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements. Income relating to court reporting attendance, maintenance agreements and capital outlay required to be paid by the Lafayette City-Parish Consolidated Government are reported as revenues. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the required payments by the Lafayette City-Parish Consolidated Government were not received by the Clerk of Court but are reflected as appropriation expenditures.

(14) Litigation

At June 30, 2014, the Clerk of Court is involved in one lawsuit claiming damages. In the opinion of the Clerk of Court's legal counsel, the only exposure to the Clerk of Court would be any costs in defense of the lawsuit with no liability to the Clerk of Court in excess of insurance coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

(15) <u>Restatement of Fund Balance</u>

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Clerk of Court restated the fund balance of the General Fund for a correction of an accounting error in recording the current portion of compensated absences payable at the fund level. The effect of the restatement is as follows:

	Nonspendable Fund Balance		Unassigned Fund Balance	Total
Fund balances, previously reported as of				
June 30, 2013	\$	31,296	\$9,629,816	\$ 9,661,112
Correction of error in recordation of				
current portion of compensated absences			366,060	366,060
Fund balances, as restated as of June 30, 2013	\$	31,296	\$9,995,8 76	\$10,027,172

(16) <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

In June, 2012 the GASB approved Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans" and Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." GASB Statement No. 67 replaces the requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 50 relating to financial reporting and note disclosures of pension plans. GASB Statement No. 68 establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to pensions for governments whose employees are provided with pensions through plans covered by Statement No. 67. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 67 must be implemented by the Louisiana Clerks' of Court Retirement and Relief Fund for the year ending June 30, 2014 and provisions of GASB Statement No. 68 must be implemented by the Clerk of Court for the year ending June 30, 2015. The effect of implementation of these statements on the Clerk of Court's financial statements has not yet been determined.

(17) <u>Subsequent Event Review</u>

The Clerk of Court has evaluated subsequent events through September 5, 2014, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

				Variance with Final Budget
	Bu	dget		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Licenses and permits	\$ 322,000	\$ 376,500	\$ 382,505	\$ 6,005
Fees, charges and commissions -				•
Court costs, fees and charges	369,160	342,430	349,286	6,856
Fees for recording legal documents	7,084,500	6,695,050	6,830,985	135,935
Fees for certified copies	700,000	910,300	930,610	20,310
Intergovernmental	385,000	371,000	431,739	60,739
Miscellaneous	331,500	340,453	329,086	(11,367)
Total revenues	9,192,160	9,035,733	9,254,211	218,478
Expenditures:				
Current -				
General government:				
Personnel services and related benefits	7,371,491	7,099,995	7,007,066	92,929
Operating services	854,000	877,661	857,801	19,860
Material and supplies	832,900	1,022,500	908,791	113,709
Appropriations to Lafayette Parish				
Government	270,900	296,400	306,885	(10,485)
Capital outlay	186,500	159,000	<u> </u>	79,485
Total expenditures	9,515,791	9,455,556	9,160,058	295,498
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(323,631)	(419,823)	94,153	513,976
Fund balance, beginning of year, as restated	10,027,172	10,027,172	10,027,172	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$9,703,541</u>	<u>\$ 9,607,349</u>	\$10,121,325	<u>\$ 513,976</u>

Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post Employment Benefits For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2011	\$-	\$10,842,901	\$10,842,901	0.0%	\$4,211,679	257%
July 1, 2008	\$-	\$8,884,257	\$8,884,257	0.0%	\$4,175,173	213%

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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Comparative Statement of Net Position June 20, 2014 and 2013

	Governmen	tal Activities
	2014	2013
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and interest-bearing deposits	\$ 9,922,725	\$ 10,230,866
Accounts receivable	302,301	313,179
Insurance stop loss receivable	85,616	52,212
Due from other governmental units	28,941	12,507
Accrued interest	401	462
Prepaid expenditures	28,789	24,155
Inventory	6,954	7,141
Total current assets	10,375,727	10,640,522
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, net	520,322	695,606
Total assets	10,896,049	11,336,128
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables	248,997	614,983
Due to other governmental units	9,858	7,911
Total current liabilities	258,855	622,894
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	855,379	874,327
Net OPEB obligation	5,410,810	4,431,328
Noncurrent liabilities	6,266,189	5,305,655
Total liabilities	6,525,044	5,928,549
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	520,322	695,606
Unrestricted	3,850,683	4,711,973
Total net position	\$_4,371,005	\$ 5,407,579

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:781, is the principal fund of the Clerk of Court and is used to account for the operations of the Clerk of Court's office. The various fees and charges due to the Clerk of Court's office are accounted for in the fund. General operating expenditures are paid from this fund.

Comparative Balance Sheet June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 5,881	\$ 5,881
Interest-bearing deposits	9,916,844	10,224,985
Receivables:		
Accounts receivable	302,301	313,179
Insurance stop loss receivable	85,616	52,212
Due from other governmental agencies	28,941	12,507
Accrued interest	401	462
Prepaid expenditures	28,789	24,155
Inventory	6,954	<u> </u>
Total assets	\$10,375,727	\$ 10,640,522
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Cash overdraft	\$ 11,589	\$ 112,664
Accounts payable	65,014	280,750
Claims payable	45,026	96,506
Payroll liabilities payable	122,915	115,519
Due to other governmental agencies	<u> </u>	7,911
Total liabilities	254,402	613,350
Fund balance:		
Nonspendable (prepaid expenditures and inventory)	35,743	31,296
Unassigned	10,085,582	9,995,876
Total fund balance, as restated	10,121,325	10,027,172
Total liabilities and fund balance, as restated	\$10,375,727	<u>\$ 10,640,522</u>

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Variance with	
				Final Budget	
		lget		Positive	2013
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:					
Licenses and permits	\$ 322,000	\$ 376,500	\$ 382,505	\$ 6,005	\$ 296,724
Fees, charges and commissions -					
Court costs, fees and charges	369,160	342,430	349,286	6,856	371,335
Fees for recording legal documents	7,084,500	6,695,050	6,830,985	135 ,9 35	6,944,843
Fees for certified copies	700,000	910,300	930,610	20,310	728,735
Intergovernmental	385,000	371,000	431 ,739	60,739	414,915
Miscellaneous	331,500	340,453	329,086	(11,367)	315,443
Totai revenues	9,192,160	9,035,733	9,254,211	218,478	9,071,995
Expenditures:					
Current -					
General government:					
Personnel services and related	7,371,491	7,099,995	7,007,066	92,929	6,782,286
benefits	.,	· / /			
Operating services	854,000	877,661	857,801	19,860	772,157
Material and supplies	832,900	1,022,500	908,791	113,709	1,085,200
Appropriations to Lafayette			-	-	
Parish Government	270,900	296,400	306,885	(10,485)	286,261
Capital outlay	186,500	159,000	79,515	79,485	66,807
Total expenditures	9,515,791	9,455,556	9,160,058	295,498	8,992,711
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over expenditures	(323,631)	(419,823)	94,153	513,976	79,284
Fund balance, beginning of year,			ı		
as restated	10,027,172	10,027,172	10,027,172		9,947,888
Fund balance, end of year, as restated	<u>\$9,703,541</u>	\$9,607,349	<u>\$10,121,325</u>	\$513,976	\$10,027,172

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Variance -	
		dget		Positive	2013
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Licenses and permits:					
Marriage licenses	\$ 54,000	\$ 53,500	\$ 53,598	\$98	\$ 49,830
Passports	68,000	60,000	57,600	(2,400)	59,900
Birth/death certificates	200,000	263,000	271,307	8,307	186,994
Total licenses and permits	322,000	376,500	382,505	6,005	296,724
Fees, charges and commissions:					
Court costs, fees and charges -					
Criminal costs	230,000	216,000	219,393	3,393	224,796
Court attendance reporting	27,000	27,000	27,020	20	26,000
Other	112,160	<u> </u>	<u> 102,873 </u>	3,443_	120,539
Total court costs, fees					
and charges	369,160	342,430	349,286	6,856	371,335
Fees for recording legal documents:					
Recordings	2,700,000	2,460,000	2,528,570	68,570	2,601,907
Index search	14,000	8,550	9,200	650	13,540
Cancellations	420,000	353,000	356,177	3,177	414,187
Mortgage certificates	80,500	68,500	66,575	(1,925)	82,941
Suits and successions	3,800,000	3,735,000	3,801,286	66,286	3,764,293
UCC filing	70,000	70,000	69,177	(823)	67,975
Total fees for recording					
legal documents	7,084,500	6,695,050	6,830,985	135,935	6,944,843
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Certified copies	700,000	910,300	930,610	20,310	728,735

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Revenues (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Variance -	_	
		dget		Positive	2013	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Intergovernmental:						
Charges reimbursable by						
parish government	200,000	200,000	279,865	79,865	260,261	
Federal grant - non-support	185,000	171,000	151,874	(19,126)	154,654	
Total intergovernmental	385,000	371,000	431,739	60,739	414,915	
Miscellaneous:						
Interest earned	35,000	30,500	34,641	4,141	35,682	
Elections	54,500	9,803	9,803	-	44,765	
Other	242,000	300,150	284,642	(15,508)	234,996	
Total miscellaneous	331,500	340,453	329,086	(11,367)	315,443	
Total revenues	\$9,192,160	\$9,035,733	\$9,254,211	<u>\$218,478</u>	<u>\$9,071,995</u>	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	the standard strength and stren	Budget		Variance - Positive	2013
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Personnel services and related benefits -					
Salaries:					
Clerk	\$ 143,623	\$ 145,986	\$ 145,986	\$-	\$ 138,960
Deputy clerks	4,635,000	4,395,000	4,309,268	85,732	4,256,528
Clerk's expense allowance	14,118	14,359	14,359	-	13,656
Clerk's supplemental fund	50,000	49,650	49,800	(150)	48,000
Unemployment	-	10,000	10,468	(468)	-
Hospitalization claims, net	1,255,000	1,170,000	1,163,899	6,101	1,262,979
Payroll taxes, retirement and					
compensated absences	1,273,750	<u>1,315,000</u>	<u>1,313,286</u>	1,714	1,062,163
Total personnel services					
and related benefits	7,371,491	7,099,995	7,007,066	92,929	6,782,286
Operating services -					
Insurance	45,000	44,911	42,045	2,866	44,673
Professional fees	58,300	56,000	56,997	(997)	49,158
UCC filing	65,000	67,000	68,520	(1,520)	65,947
Telephone	35,000	36,000	35,416	584	32,465
Travel and conventions	6,500	11,850	11,642	208	7,678
Election expense allowance	17,000	2,190	2,190	-	16,633
Copier expense	65,000	66,000	67,030	(1,030)	65,863
Computer operations	350,000	315,000	278,404	36,596	285,331
Parking fees	33,000	35,896	33,144	2,752	32,099
Training	8,000	7,975	7,975	-	8,037
Center for family violence contribution	161,000	223,000	236,310	(13,310)	151,172
Workers' compensation	8,200	10,493	10,493	-	8,160
Miscellaneous	2,000	1,346	7,635	(6,289)	4,941
Total operating services	854,000	877,661	857,801	19,860	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Expenditures (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

				Variance -	
		dget		Positive	2013
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Materials and supplies -					
Office supplies and operations	801,900	942,750	828,876	113,874	963,600
Automobile and maintenance	16,000	15,200	15,592	(392)	15,172
Dues and subscription	5,000	4,000	3,757	243	4,033
Leases and rentals	-	56,400	56,400	-	32,400
Uniforms	10,000	4,150	4,166	(16)	69,995
Total materials and supplies	832,900	1,022,500	908,791	113,709	1,085,200
Appropriations to Lafayette City-Pa	rish				
Consolidated Government -					
Operating revenues and					
expenditures unreimbursed	270,900	296,400	306,885	(10,485)	286,261
Capital outlay -					
Office equipment	6,500	22,000	21,888	112	5,172
Computer equipment	150,000	50,000	57,177	(7,177)	19,615
Computer software	30,000	87,000	450	86,550	42,020
Total capital outlay	186,500	159,000	79,515	79,485	66,807
Total expenditures	<u>\$9,515,791</u>	\$9,455,556	<u>\$ 9,160,058</u>	\$295,498	\$8,992,711

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Advance Deposit Fund -

The Advance Deposit Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:842, is used to account for advance deposits on suits filed by litigants. The advances are refundable to the litigants after all costs have been paid.

Registry of Court Fund -

The Registry of Court Fund, as provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 13:475, is used to account for funds which have been ordered by the court to be held until judgment has been rendered in court litigation. Withdrawals of the funds can be made only upon specific court order.

Election Qualifying Fund -

The Election Qualifying Fund is used to account for funds collected from individuals qualifying to run for political office and remitted to the appropriate governmental bodies or political committees.

LAFAYETTE PARISH CLERK OF COURT Lafayette, Louisiana Fiduciary Funds

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2014 With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2013

	Advance	Registry Election		Totals	
	Deposit	of Court	Qualifying	2014	2013
ASSETS					
Cash Interest-bearing deposits	\$ - 5,980,820	\$ 605,582 <u>5,796,206</u>	\$ - 580	\$ 605,582 11,777,606	\$ 605,581 _10,903,601
Total assets	\$ 5,980,820	\$6,401,788	<u>\$ 580</u>	<u>\$12,383,188</u>	\$11,509,182
LIABILITIES					
Due to litigants and others	\$ 5,980,820	\$6,401,788	<u>\$ 580</u>	\$ 12,383,188	\$11,509,182

LAFAYETTE PARISH CLERK OF COURT Lafayette, Louisiana Fiduciary Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Totals For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Advance	Advance Registry Election		Totals		
	Deposit	of Court	Qualifying	2014	2013	
ASSETS						
Balances, beginning of year	<u>\$5,836,875</u>	<u>\$ 5,671,728</u>	<u>\$ 579</u>	<u>\$ 11,509,182</u>	\$10,513,973	
Additions:						
Suits and successions	6,471,779	-	-	6,471,779	6,323,375	
Deposits per court order	-	2,449,828	-	2,449,828	12,026,422	
Interest earned	•	13,918	1	13,919	18,379	
Total additions	6,471,779	2,463,746	1	8,935,526	18,368,176	
Total	12,308,654	8,135,474	580	20,444,708	28,882,149	
Reductions:						
Clerk's costs (transferred to General Fund)	3,801,792	-	-	3,801,792	3,762,369	
Refunds to litigants	1,209,905	-	-	1,209,905	1,116,338	
Other	661,366	-	-	661,366	557,340	
Interest earned (transferred to General Fund)	-	14,202	-	14,202	100,877	
Lafayette Parish Sheriff fees	464,963	-	-	464,963	449,729	
Other Sheriff fees	1 89,808	-	-	189,808	174,487	
Disbursements by court order	-	1,719,484	-	1,719,484	11,211,827	
Total reductions	6,327,834	1,733,686		8,061,520	17,372,967	
Balances, end of year	\$5,980,820	<u>\$ 6,401,788</u>	<u>\$ 580</u>	<u>\$ 12,383,188</u>	<u>\$11,509,182</u>	
LIABILITIES	·					
Due to litigants and others, beginning of year	\$5,836,875	\$ 5,671,728	\$ 579	\$ 11,509,182	\$ 10,513,973	
Additions	6,471,779	2,463,746	1	8,935,526	18,368,176	
Reductions	6,327,834	1,733,686	<u> </u>	8,061,520	17,372,967	
Due to litigants and others, end of year	\$5,980,820	\$ 6,401,788	<u>\$ 580</u>	<u>\$ 12,383,188</u>	<u>\$11,509,182</u>	

Combined Schedule of Interest-Bearing Deposits - All Funds June 30, 2014

	Financial Institution	Interest Rate	Term	Maturity Date	Amount
General Fund -					
Certificate of deposit	Ι	0.30%	6 month	02/21/15	\$ 100,000
Certificate of deposit	R	0.30%	l year	11/06/14	100,000
Interest-bearing deposits	Ι	variable	Ň/A	N/A	1,396,886
Interest-bearing deposits	Ι	variable	N/A	N/A	2,584
Interest-bearing deposits	Ι	variable	N/A	N/A	3,864
Interest-bearing deposits	Ι	variable	N/A	N/A	8,131,131
Interest-bearing deposits	Ι	variable	N/A	N/A	182,380
Total General Fund					9,916,845
Advance Deposit Fund -					
Certificate of deposit	R	0.30%	1 year	10/24/14	500,000
Certificate of deposit	М	0.15%	1 year	10/01/14	500,000
Certificate of deposit	С	0.10%	1 year	04/28/15	500,000
Certificate of deposit	Т	0.55%	l year	08/11/14	500,000
Certificate of deposit	H	0.80%	8 month	02/13/15	200,000
Certificate of deposit	В	0.99%	1 year	06/12/15	75,000
Certificate of deposit	В	0.99%	l year	06/12/15	75,000
Certificate of deposit	В	0.99%	1 year	06/12/15	50,000
Interest-bearing deposits	Ch	variable	N/A	N/A	3,580,820
Total Advance Deposit	t Fund				5,980,820
Registry of the Court Fund -					
Interest-bearing deposits	Ι	variable	N/A	N/A	5,796,206
Total Registry of the C	ourt Fund				5,796,206
Election Qualifying Fund -					
Interest-bearing deposits	Ι	variable	N/A	N/A	580
Total - all funds					\$21,694,451
Financial Institution: (M) Mid-South Bank (I) Iberia Bank (R) Rayne State Bank (Ch) Chase Bank (C) Community First I (T) Tri-Parish Bank	Bank				

INTERNAL CONTROL

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COMPLIANCE

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The Honorable Louis J. Perret Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court Lafayette, Louisiana

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 5, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan as item 2014-001(IC) to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's Response to Findings

The Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying summary schedule of current and prior year audit findings and corrective action plan. The Lafayette Parish Clerk of Court's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kolder, Champagne, Slaven & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Lafayette, Louisiana September 5, 2014

LAFAYETTE PARISH CLERK OF COURT

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Summary Schedule of Current and Prior Year Audit Findings and Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2014

Ref. No.	Fiscal Year Finding Initially Occurred YEAR (6/30	Description of Finding	Corrective Action Taken	Corrective Action Planned	Name of Contact Person	Completion Date			
Internal Cor	•	,							
2014-001(10	C) 06/30/07	The Clerk of Court does not have a staff person who has the training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including related notes.		The Clerk of Court has evaluated the cost vs. the benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interest of the government to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.	•	N/A			
PRIOR YEAR (6/30/13)									
Internal Cor	<u>ntrol:</u>								
2013-001(10	C) 06/30/07	The Clerk of Court does not have a staff person who has the training to apply generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) in recording the entity's financial transactions or preparing its financial statements, including related notes.		The Clerk of Court has evaluated the cost vs. the benefit of establishing internal controls over the preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and determined that it is in the best interest of the government to outsource this task to its independent auditors, and to carefully review the draft financial statements and notes prior to approving them and accepting responsibility for their contents and presentation.	,	N/A			

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